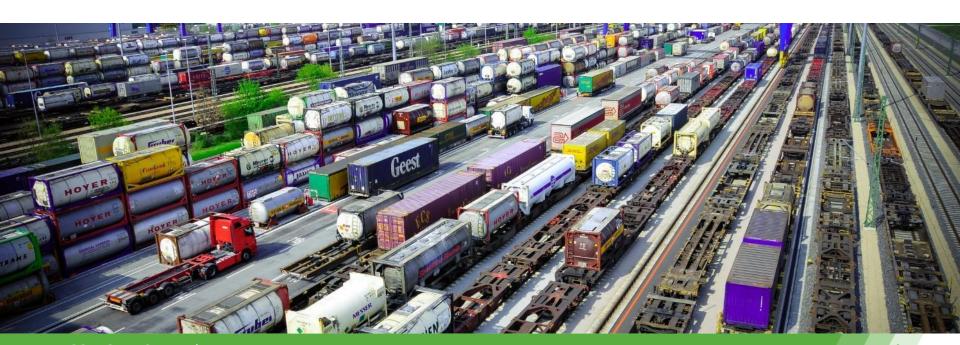


Study Trip – Corridor 2 BOTTLENECKS AND THE COORDINATION NEEDED TO OVERCOME THEM



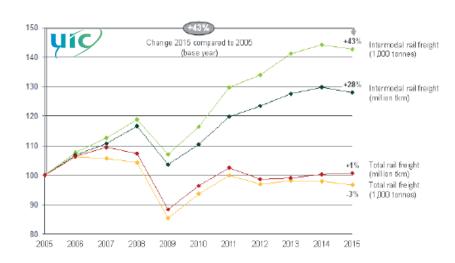
UIRR: the industry association of intermodal freight





Development of Combined Transport





UIRR Quarterly CT Performance Index since Q1.2016 (in %)





Rail Freight Corridors: role of UIRR



Regulation 913/2010:

designed to address problems of European rail freight

- Advisory Groups for Terminals (TAG) and Railway Undertakings (RAG)
 - Coordination of TAG speakers: UIRR
 - Coordination of RAG speakers: UIC

Sector and Ministerial positions on RFCs:

- Provide accurate information on the whereabouts of trains (IMs and RUs)
- Offer reliable ETA projection
- Fully implement TAFTSI
- Ensure transparency through regular publication of KPIs
- Offer similarly structured websites for easy comparability

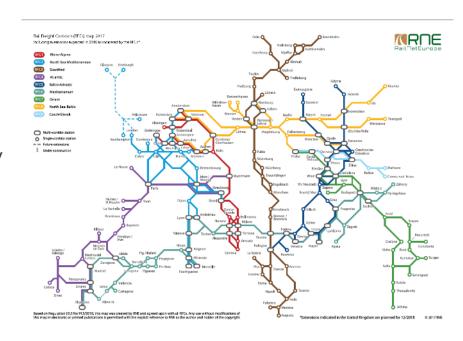
Sector Statement Governance:

- Definition of 10 priorities
- Monitoring
- UIRR as coordinator of the ETA priority (ELETA project launched)

Boosting International Rail Freight

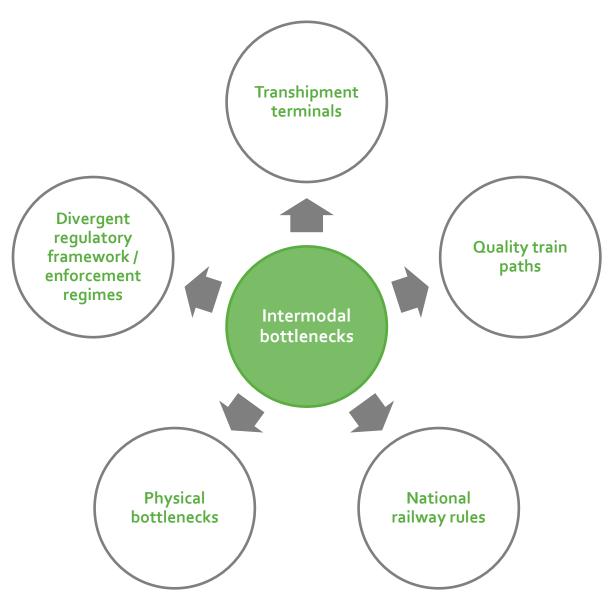
Sector Statement on Rail Freight Corridors

Brussels, 20 May 2016



Bottlenecks to the development of intermodal transport





Terminal capacity

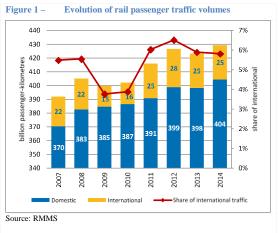
- **Uneven terminal density**: good subsidy scheme > no CAPEX support
- Lack of urban terminals: close to downtown to directly support city logistics
- **Quality/homogeneity**: upgrade to CNC parameters (train length, total weight, profile...)
- **Operational standards**: Implementing Act on Access to Service Facilities – common portal promoted
- 'Not in my back yard' effect: fear of noise and traffic is hurdle to new projects
- Lack of coherent intermodal plans and/or commitment to modal-shift: insufficient input to encourage developers and/or to reduce risks



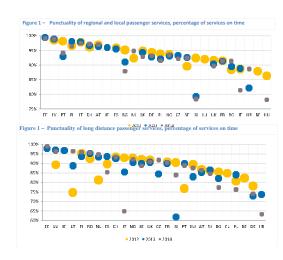




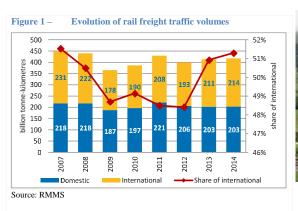
Passenger traffic: 10% growth (no data of trainkm growth) | punctuality: 80-85% (to 5 minute)







Freight traffic: 10% shrinking (no data of trainkm growth) | punctuality: n/a





Rail freight quality:

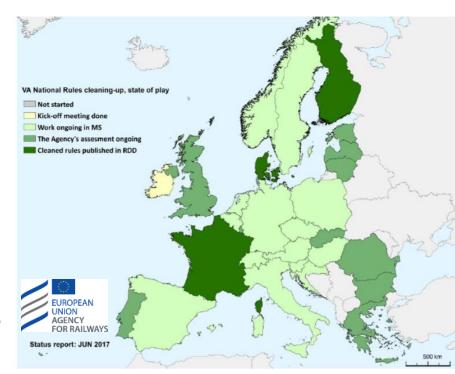
- The EU RMMS Report does not contain data
- Sector data collection (UIRR, RFCs) shows great variations with average est. below 50% (to 30 minute standard)

RU Dialogue Group on KPIs and data collection

UIRR

National rules (railway)

- Clean-up of national rules: work in progress at ERA – core countries lagging behind
- <u>UIC Leaflets vs ERATSIs</u>: persistent lack of clarity; some progress in changing UIC Leaflets
- <u>Traffic rules</u>: no European priority rules, passenger traffic is prioritised over freight (even when latter is on time)
- Path allocation rules: freight comes after passenger when deciding access to the tracks
 without proper social benefit analysis
- Infrastructure development: lack of fair competition for investment resources between freight and passenger needs and between transport modes



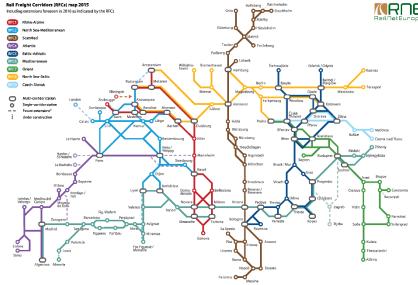


Physical bottlenecks (railway)



- Symbolic infrastructure: uneven progress some big projects advance faster than others
- Connecting lines: uncoordinated upgrades of connecting lines to/from symbolic infrastructure like Gotthard Base Tunnel
- TEN-T parameters: inconsistent progress in train length, axle load and profile gauge upgrades and ERTMS implementation
- Small-scale bottlenecks: replacement of switches, extension of bypass lines, completion of missing electrification progresses slowly and often lacks funding
- Coordination of works: deficiencies both in the coordination of planning and the implementation of works is a shortfall of cooperation foreseen under the Rail Freight Corridors – European Supervision and Crisis Management needed





Divergent regulatory framework and enforcement

- **Intermodal uncertainties**: ageing and imprecisely worded Directive 92/106 (CT Directive) & 719/2015 (weights and dimensions) impedes uniform application of rules, which results in enforcement-related disruptions in some Member States
- **Voluntary standards**: codification- and identification-related heterogeneity causes extra costs and losses of efficiency
- National compensation schemes: unpredictable national schemes reduce the value and effectiveness of compensation and promotional measures extended to intermodal actors and/or users
- **Unclear goals**: lack of coordination between Member States and mode-specific regulators in the goals to be achieved by intermodal transport result in wasteful use of resources



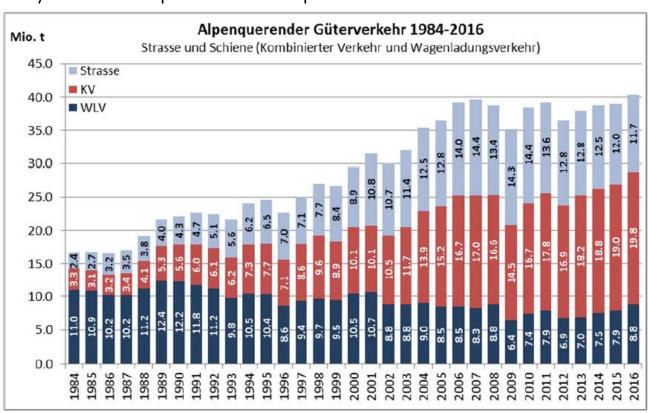
Intermodal can do the job



...if and where the framework conditions are right

- Rail infrastructure is developed coherently with strategic goals
- Recognition of freight: train path capacity allocation and traffic rules
- ✓ Development of capacities: lines and terminals (infrastructure)
- ✓ Intermodal rules are clearly defined and predictable compensation is offered

Transalpine traffic through Switzerland 1984 – 2016





THANK YOU For your attention

