

FIATA Working Group Rail

PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS OF EYR: THE ROLE OF CT IN THE DECARBONISATION OF EUROPE



Long-overdue transport policy decisions become urgent



Climate emergency declaration

November 2019



European Climate Law – MS position

December 2020 - final vote expected in June 2021



European Green Deal:

January 2020



Strategy for Smart and Sustainable Mobility

December 2020



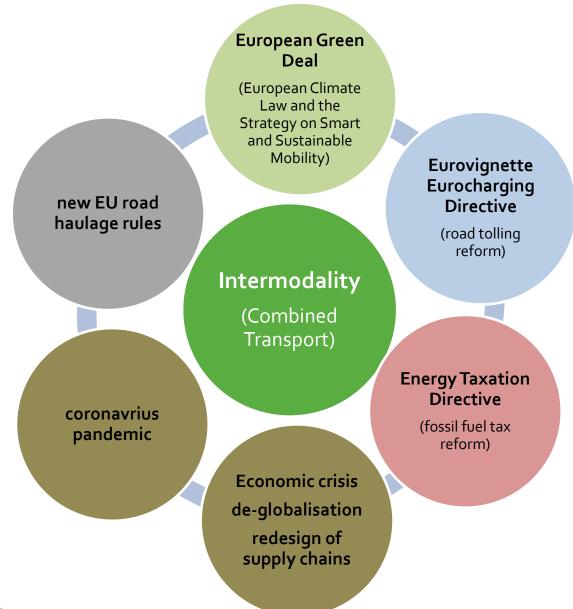
Changes to anticipate

- **European Climate Law:** 55% carbon-reduction in a decade and complete carbonneutrality by 2050
- Strategy for Smart and Sustainable Mobility:
 - Rail and waterborne-based intermodal transport fully price-competitive with roadonly transport in the EU (energy taxation and tolling)
 - 50% rail freight growth by 2030, 100% by 2050 --- the facilitator can only be Combined Transport, which will have to triple its performance in 30 years
- Amendment of the TEN-T and Rail Freight Corridor regulations: in order to enable the infrastructure to carry the required number of freight trains and to manage the freight traffic efficiently
- **Amendment of the CT Directive:** to provide temporary compensatory measures until price-competitiveness is achieved and to offer incentives for the needed modal shift

Combined Transport: external factors at the end of 2021



- European Green Deal:
 55% CO2 emission-reduction +
 boosting energy efficiency +
 alternative propulsion systems
- <u>Eurovignette/Eurocharging</u>
 <u>Directive</u>: mandatory distancebased tolling + methodology for calculating toll levels
- Energy Taxation Directive: reform of fossil fuel taxation + the future of state budget revenues
- New EU road haulage rules: option to suspend Article 4 of the CTD + mandatory 8-weekly return of trucks + generally stricter rules
- Coronavirus pandemic: public transport collapses – freight trains experience significant punctuality improprement
- Economic crisis: de-globalisation and the rethinking of global supply-chains



2021: the European Year of Rail





- ✓ A symbolic gesture to recognise the
 - the energy efficiency of railways: steel-on-steel vs rubber on asphalt
 - the ability of electric trains to directly turn renewable energy into motion
 - the role railways must play in the decarbonisation effort ahead of us
- ✓ Promotion of rail freight with intermodal rail at its core
 - trucked cargo can most efficiently be shifted to rail freight using intermodal loading units: craneable semi-trailers, swap bodies and containers
 - frequent scheduled combined transport shuttle trains together with electric terminals and battery-powered trucks will form Zero-Carbon Combined
 Transport – the future of European surface freight transportation



THANK YOU for the attention

